

GRACE

powered by



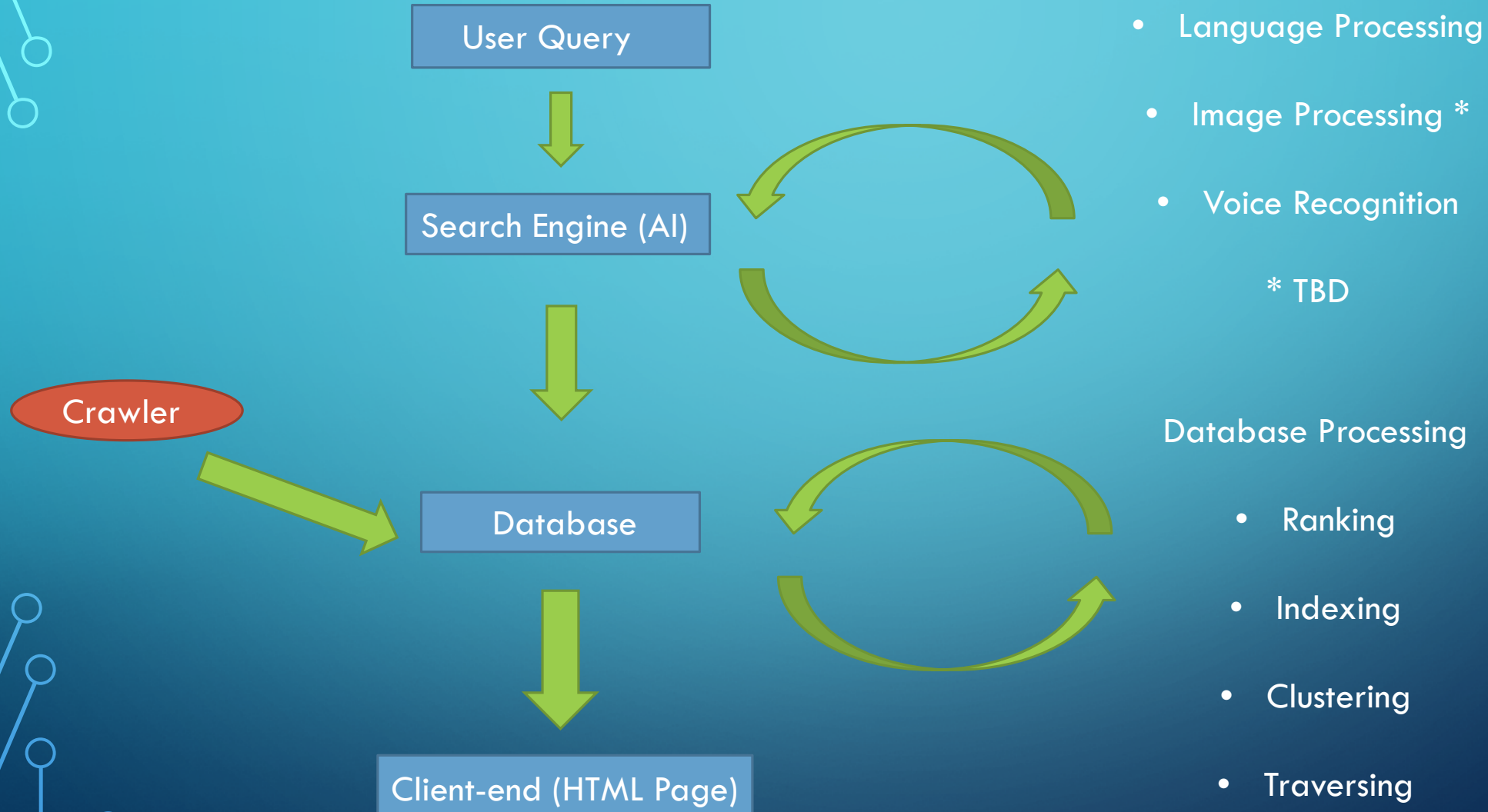
IBM Bluemix™

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CORE PROJECT

- How it all began?
- What is it?
- What does it do?
- How does it work?

THE DATA FLOW



CORE PROJECT – CLIENT-SIDE

- Applying Rest API and retrieving data from our back-end.
- Consuming live data using web services.
- Using Angular 2 technologies

A screenshot of a web application interface. At the top, the word "GRACE" is displayed in a large, black, monospace-style font. Below it is a white rectangular search bar with a thin border and the placeholder text "Search ...".

GRACE

Grace Search Engine

CLIENT-SIDE SCREENSHOT

```
62
63 | callWeatherService()
64 | {
65 |   this._sharedService.findWeather(this.id_city, this.id_state)
66 |     .subscribe(
67 |       lstresult =>
68 |       {
69 |         this.op_city = lstresult["query"]["results"]["channel"]["location"]["city"];
70 |         this.op_region = lstresult["query"]["results"]["channel"]["location"]["region"];
71 |         this.op_country = lstresult["query"]["results"]["channel"]["location"]["country"];
72 |         this.op_text = lstresult["query"]["results"]["channel"]["item"]["condition"]["text"];
73 |         this.op_temp = lstresult["query"]["results"]["channel"]["item"]["condition"]["temp"];
74 |         this.location = lstresult["query"]["results"]["channel"]["item"]["condition"]["location"];
75 |
76 |         return lstresult;
77 |
78 |       },
79 |
80 |       error => {
81 |         console.log("Error. The findWeather result JSON value is as follows:");
82 |         console.log(error);
83 |       }
84 |     );
85 | }
```

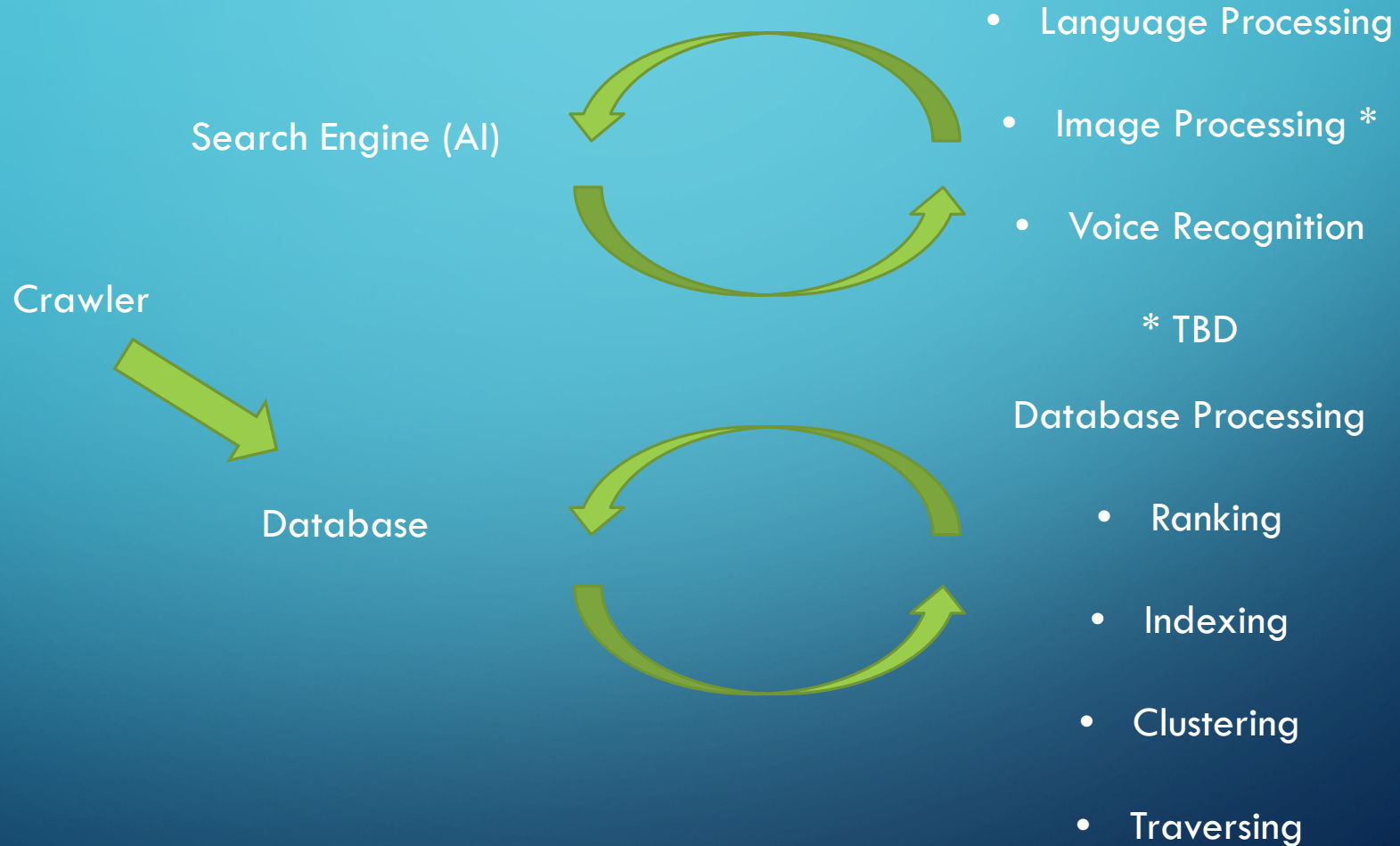
An example of our Weather Component

CORE PROJECT – SERVER SIDE

- Search Engine
- Web Crawler
- Retrieving semi-structured / structured data from database
- IBM Bluemix Auto-Scale / Better Performance
- IBM Bluemix Storage

FOUNDATIONS OF THE SEARCH ENGINE

- Indexing
- Query
- Ranking



INDEXING

- Building the Inverted Index
- Query types
- Parsing The Collection

```
def cons(self, i):
    """cons(i) is TRUE <=> b[i] is a consonant."""
    if self.b[i] == 'a' or self.b[i] == 'e' or self.b[i] == 'i' or self.b[i] == 'o' or self.b[i] == 'u':
        return 0
    if self.b[i] == 'y':
        if i == self.k0:
            return 1
        else:
            return (not self.cons(i - 1))
    return 1

def m(self):
    """m() measures the number of consonant sequences between k0 and j.
    if c is a consonant sequence and v a vowel sequence, and <..>
    indicates arbitrary presence,

        <C><V>      gives 0
        <C>VC<V>     gives 1
        <C>VCVC<V>    gives 2
        <C>VCVCVC<V> gives 3
        ....
    """
    n = 0
    i = self.k0
    while 1:
        if i > self.j:
            return n
        if not self.cons(i):
            break
        i = i + 1
    i = i + 1
```

QUERY TYPES

➤ One-word

➤ Free-Text

➤ Phrase

➤ Parsing the Collection

- Concatenation
- Lowercasing words
- Tokenization
- Filtering
- Stemming

RANKING

- Machine Learning Techniques
 - Naive Bayes Classifier / Neural networks
 - Linear Regression / Neural networks
 - Decision Trees
- Inverse document frequency (IDF)
- Term frequency (TF)

```

DOMAIN_NAME = get_domain_name(HOME_PAGE)
3 QUEUE_FILE = PROJECT_NAME + '/queue.txt'
4 CRAWLED_FILE = PROJECT_NAME + '/crawled.txt'
5 NUMBER_OF_THREADS = 256
6 queue = Queue()
7 Spider(PROJECT_NAME, HOMEPAGE, DOMAIN_NAME)
8
9
10 # Create worker threads (will die when main exits)
11 def create_workers():
12     for _ in range(NUMBER_OF_THREADS):
13         t = threading.Thread(target=work)
14         t.daemon = True
15         t.start()
16
17
18 # Do the next job in the queue
19 def work():
20     while True:
21         url = queue.get()
22         Spider.crawl_page(threading.current_thread().name, url)
23         queue.task_done()
24
25
26 # Each queued link is a new job
27 def create_jobs():
28     for link in file_to_set(QUEUE_FILE):
29         queue.put(link)
30     queue.join()
31     crawl()

```

CRAWLERS

Our version of Internet Crawler

What does it do?

- Finds all the clickable elements
- Creates a queue of those elements

Our version of Scrapers

- Find and parse text into database using JSON format

An Example From Web Services
Pulling data every 15 min from News.org

Date: 3/May/2017

Author : Sadik F. Erisen

Credited to Newsapi.org :

Here are API services for newsapi.org that's where we are getting our semi-structured data.

<https://newsapi.org/v1/articles>

<https://newsapi.org/v1/>

...

```
import requests
```

```
import json
```

```
import urllib.request, urllib.error, urllib.parse
```

```
api_key = '96f666317b07432e8a120f8a21d119af'
```

```
class NewsServices():
```

```
    def parse_articles(articles):
```

```
        """
```

```
        This function takes in a response to the NYT api and parses  
        the articles into a list of dictionaries
```

```
        """
```

```
        news = []
```

```
        for i in articles['response']['docs']:
```

```
            dic = {}
```

```
            dic['id'] = i['_id']
```

```
            if i['abstract'] is not None:
```

```
                dic['abstract'] = i['abstract'].encode("utf8")
```

```
            dic['headline'] = i['headline']['main'].encode("utf8")
```

```
            dic['desk'] = i['news_desk']
```

```
            dic['date'] = i['pub_date'][0:10] # cutting time of day.
```

```
            dic['section'] = i['section_name']
```

```
            if i['snippet'] is not None:
```

```
                dic['snippet'] = i['snippet'].encode("utf8")
```

```
            dic['source'] = i['source']
```

```
            dic['type'] = i['type_of_material']
```

```
            dic['url'] = i['web_url']
```

```
            dic['word_count'] = i['word_count']
```

```
            # locations
```

```
            locations = []
```

```
            for x in range(0, len(i['keywords'])):
```

```
                if 'glocations' in i['keywords'][x]['name']:
```

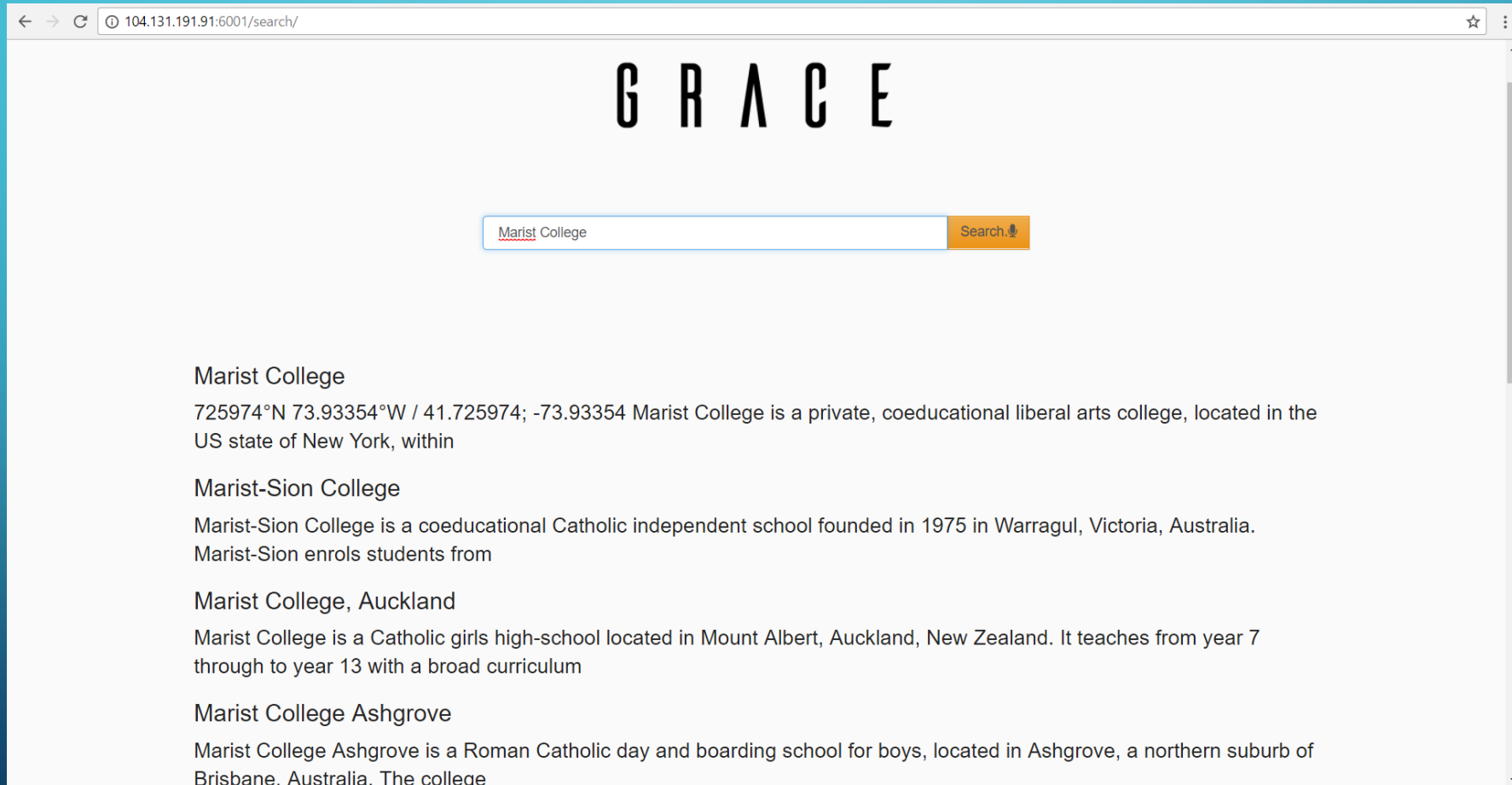
```
                    locations.append(i['keywords'][x]['value'])
```



IBM Bluemix™

- Using IBM Bluemix
- Bluemix VM for the Core Application
- Bluemix Autoscaling for the Web Crawlers

RESULTS OF THE CLIENT-END



CONCLUSION

GRACE

Languages Used:

JavaScript, TypeScript, Python

Frameworks Used:

Angular 2, Django, Scikit Learn, NLTK (language processing), SciPy

Q & A

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Thank You



BCC STEM

STEM*atics*

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